

How Enhanced Strategies Can Help You Get More From Your Equity Allocation

Adhiraj Mallik, CFA

Active Quantitative Equity Portfolio Strategist

A very simple core/satellite portfolio shows how enhanced funds can help equity investors meet their goals while making efficient use of risk.

As the post-COVID-19 investment landscape takes shape, investors are considering how to extract more from every corner of their equity allocations.

To that end, this piece will explore why a traditional core/satellite approach to equity portfolio allocation may not, in fact, be the most efficient use of a crucial resource: the risk budget. We'll illustrate this by building a very simple core/satellite portfolio in order to explore how enhanced funds can help investors to meet their goals while making efficient use of risk.

Enhanced Equity Strategies, Defined

Enhanced strategies seek to provide modest excess returns consistently over time, while closely tracking the characteristics of their reference benchmarks. Enhanced managers strive to limit performance surprises. At the same time, enhanced strategies must take on a small amount of risk compared to the benchmark, spread across hundreds of securities, in order to gain the potential for outperformance. The State Street Active Quantitative Equity team pursues these objectives in its enhanced strategies through an investment process that includes active stock picking using the group's proprietary stock-selection model.

Enhanced strategies clearly lie between indexed and conventional active strategies in terms of expected risk and expected return; however, there is no single, industry-wide definition of where enhanced funds begin or end on the spectrum. The full range of actively managed approaches, from enhanced through to traditional active approaches, is a continuum. In general, strategies that target tracking error — a measure of active risk¹ — in the range of 50 to 200 basis points on that continuum are considered "enhanced."

Striving to Make Efficient Use of Risk

Enhanced strategies are designed to be extremely efficient in their use of risk. The space they aim to occupy in terms of expected risk and return is a kind of "sweet spot," where each unit of incremental risk added has the potential to yield the greatest return.

This attribute can be useful to investors as they pursue their goal of generating as much excess return as possible while keeping risk tolerable. Whether the focus is on maximizing return for a given level of risk, or minimizing risk for a given level of return, understanding the trade-off between risk and return is critical.

The Information Ratio

A useful measure of what is sometimes called the *risk budget* — that is, how efficiently a given portfolio is ‘spending’ risk to gain excess returns — is the *information ratio*:

Information ratio (Efficiency) = Excess returns/Active risk (Tracking error)

In this formula, “excess returns” are measured as returns above the reference benchmark, while “active risk” is measured in terms of *tracking error* (which quantifies the divergence between a fund’s returns and those of its benchmark). Actively managed funds by definition seek to diverge from the benchmark, in that they seek outperformance. The greater the active risk a fund takes on in its quest for outperformance, the greater its tracking error is likely to be.

Portfolios with higher information ratios have historically produced more excess return per unit of active risk than those with lower information ratios. Put another way, the higher the information ratio, the more efficiently the portfolio has “spent” risk in order to generate excess returns.

The first incremental additions of risk have the potential to yield the greatest returns per unit of added risk. As a fund takes on more risk, the corresponding return potential tends to diminish — hence the unique efficiencies that enhanced funds can be capable of achieving.

The Typical Core/ Satellite Approach

Investors pursuing a typical core/satellite approach to equity portfolio allocation generally build the core using indexed funds and build the satellite out of higher tracking-error actively managed funds. We believe this is not the most efficient use of a portfolio’s overall risk budget.

In this example of a core/satellite portfolio, we limited the categories of potential investments to four: indexed (with active risk, measured as tracking error, of 0.05%), enhanced (tracking error of 2.00%), standard active (tracking error of 5.0%)² and highly active (tracking error of 6.5%).

In addition, to keep the analysis conservative, we assumed that there is *no difference* between the efficiency of enhanced strategies and that of other active strategies. We captured this assumption by equalizing the information ratios for the two active strategies and for the enhanced strategy, even though one would expect enhanced strategies in general to exhibit higher information ratios.

Using these assumptions, we built a simple core-satellite portfolio to serve as our base case, allocating 50% to indexed investments and 25% each to standard active and highly active funds, with no allocation to enhanced. The resulting portfolio is expected to outperform the S&P 500 benchmark by 86 basis points, with a tracking error of 2.05%, for an information ratio of 0.42 (see Figure 1).

Figure 1
A Simple Core/Satellite Portfolio

Large Cap U.S. Equity Strategy Type	Allocation (%)	Excess Returns (%)	Active Risk (Tracking Error) (%)	Efficiency (Information Ratio)
Passive	50	0.00	0.05	0.00
Enhanced	0	0.60	2.00	0.30
Active	25	1.50	5.00	0.30
Highly active	25	1.95	6.50	0.30
Total Portfolio	100	0.86	2.05	0.42

Source: State Street Global Advisors analysis.

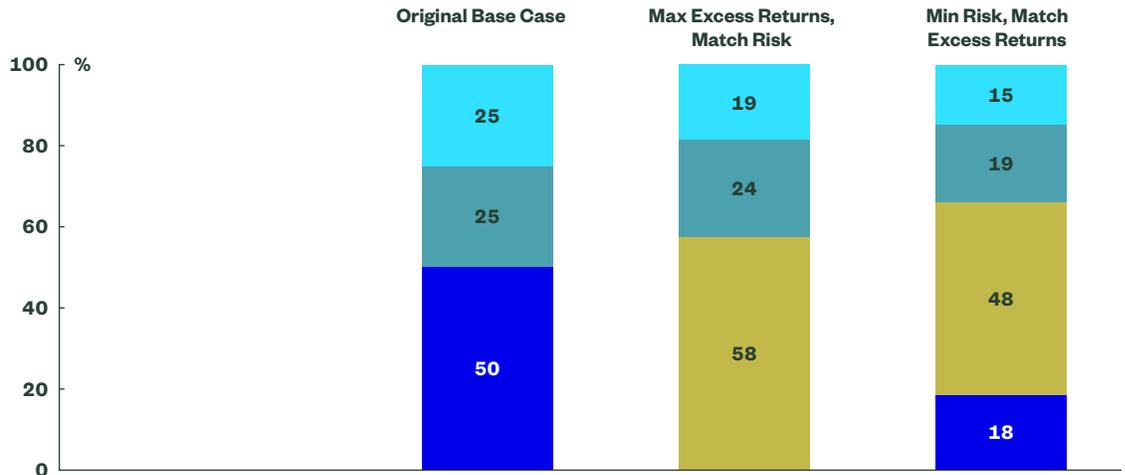
Spending Risk Budget More Wisely

This opened the question: Can investors spend their risk budgets more wisely? To answer this question, we used the same assumptions to explore how allocations to each strategy could be optimized to achieve greater efficiency, as measured using the information ratio. Ultimately, we investigated how equity portfolio allocations could be optimized to produce more excess returns at lower risk.

Maximizing returns using the same risk allocation First, we sought to answer the question from the *return* perspective, by maximizing the portfolio’s excess returns while keeping risk constant compared to the original, base-case portfolio. We found that enhanced strategies should play a leading role with 58% of the optimized portfolio, replacing indexed strategies as the portfolio’s core (see Figure 2.) In this scenario, the expected excess returns increased from 86 to 107 basis points, while risk remained the same at 2.05% tracking error. As a result, the portfolio’s overall efficiency, as measured by the information ratio, increased from 0.42 to 0.52.

Figure 2
Optimizing the Base Portfolio to Maximize Excess Returns and to Minimize Risk, Respectively

- Indexed
- Enhanced
- Standard Active
- Highly Active



Total Portfolio	Original Base Case	Max Excess Returns, Match Risk	Min Risk, Match Excess Returns
Excess Returns (%)	0.86	1.07	0.86
Active Risk (Tracking Error) (%)	2.05	2.05	1.66
Efficiency (Information Ratio)	0.42	0.52	0.52

Source: State Street Global Advisors analysis.

Minimizing active risk to achieve the same returns Next, we sought to answer the question from the *risk* perspective, by minimizing the portfolio's risk for a given level of return. In this case, indexed investments regain a small allocation (18%), due to their risk-control characteristics, but enhanced strategies still represent the largest proportion of the portfolio (48%). Weights in standard active and highly active strategies are represented at slightly lower levels in this risk-minimization case (19% standard active, 15% highly active), compared with the excess-return maximization scenario (24% active, 19% highly active). The risk reduction realized in this case is substantial, declining from 2.05% tracking error to 1.66%. As in the excess-return maximization scenario, overall efficiency represented by the information ratio increased from 0.42 in the base case to 0.52 in the risk-minimization case.

This uptick in the information ratios of each optimized portfolio compared to the original base-case portfolio indicates that they are each substantially more efficient than the base-case scenario, with the potential to reap greater rewards per unit of risk. What we found interesting — and what many investors may find surprising — is just how large an enhanced allocation this framework suggests. Our research suggests that enhanced funds can indeed help investors meet their goals while making more efficient use of risk.

Endnotes

- 1 Active risk is the risk generated by a manager's efforts to beat the returns of a reference benchmark.
- 2 Due to market frictions, indexed funds generally exhibit low levels of tracking error — that is, their results do tend to diverge to a small degree from their reference benchmarks.

ssga.com

For institutional use only.

Glossary

Information ratio The information ratio (IR) measures portfolio returns and indicates a portfolio manager's ability to generate excess returns relative to a given benchmark

State Street Global Advisors Worldwide Entities

Abu Dhabi: State Street Global Advisors Limited, Middle East Branch, 42801, 28, Al Khatem Tower, Abu Dhabi Global Market Square, Al Mayah Island, Abu Dhabi, United Arab Emirates. Regulated by ADGM Financial Services Regulatory Authority. T: +971 2 245 9000. **Australia:** State Street Global Advisors, Australia, Limited (ABN 42 003 914 225) is the holder of an Australian Financial Services Licence (AFSL Number 238276). Registered office: Level 17, 420 George Street, Sydney, NSW 2000, Australia T: +612 9240 7600. F: +612 9240 7611. **Belgium:** State Street Global Advisors Belgium, Chaussée de La Hulpe 120, 1000 Brussels, Belgium. T: 32 2 663 2036. F: 32 2 672 2077. SSGA Belgium is a branch office of State Street Global Advisors Limited. State Street Global Advisors Ireland Limited, registered in Ireland with company number 145221, authorized and regulated by the Central Bank of Ireland, and whose registered office is at 78 Sir John Rogerson's Quay, Dublin 2. **Canada:** State Street Global Advisors, Ltd., 1981 McGill College Avenue, Suite 500, Montreal, Qc, H3A 3A8, T: +514 282 2400 and 30 Adelaide Street East Suite 500, Toronto, Ontario M5C 3G6. T: +647 775 5900. **France:** State Street Global Advisors Ireland Limited, Paris branch is a branch of State Street Global Advisors Ireland Limited, registered in Ireland with company number 145221, authorized and regulated by the Central Bank of Ireland, and whose registered office is at 78 Sir John Rogerson's Quay, Dublin 2. State Street Global Advisors Ireland Limited, Paris Branch, is registered in France with company number RCS Nanterre 832 734 602 and whose office is at Immeuble Défense Plaza, 23-25 rue Delarivière-Lefoullon, 92064 Paris La Défense Cedex, France. T: (+33) 1 44 45 40 00. F: (+33) 1 44 45 41 92. **Germany:** State Street Global Advisors GmbH, Brienner Strasse 59, D-80333 Munich. Authorized and regulated by the Bundesanstalt für Finanzdienstleistungsaufsicht ("BaFin"). Registered with the Register of Commerce

Munich HRB 121381. T: +49 (0)89 55878 400. F: +49 (0)89 55878 440. **Hong Kong:** State Street Global Advisors Asia Limited, 68/F, Two International Finance Centre, 8 Finance Street, Central, Hong Kong. T: +852 2103-0288. F: +852 2103 0200. **Ireland:** State Street Global Advisors Ireland Limited is regulated by the Central Bank of Ireland. Registered office address 78 Sir John Rogerson's Quay, Dublin 2. Registered number 145221. T: +353 (0)1 776 3000. F: +353 (0)1 776 3300. **Italy:** State Street Global Advisors Ireland Limited, Milan Branch (Sede Secondaria di Milano) is a branch of State Street Global Advisors Ireland Limited, registered in Ireland with company number 145221, authorized and regulated by the Central Bank of Ireland, and whose registered office is at 78 Sir John Rogerson's Quay, Dublin 2. State Street Global Advisors Ireland Limited, Milan Branch (Sede Secondaria di Milano), is registered in Italy with company number 10495250960 - R.E.A. 2535585 and VAT number 10495250960 and whose office is at Via dei Bossi, 4 - 20121 Milano, Italy. T: +39 02 32066 100. F: +39 02 32066 155. **Japan:** State Street Global Advisors (Japan) Co., Ltd., Toranomon Hills Mori Tower 25F 1-23-1 Toranomon, Minato-ku, Tokyo 105-6325 Japan, T: +81-3-4530-7380 Financial Instruments Business Operator, Kanto Local Financial Bureau (Kinsho #345), Membership: Japan Investment Advisers Association, The Investment Trust Association, Japan, Japan Securities Dealers' Association. **Netherlands:** State Street Global Advisors Netherlands, Apollo Building, 7th floor Herikerbergweg 29 1101 CN Amsterdam, Netherlands. Telephone: 31 20 7181701. SSGA Netherlands is a branch office of State Street Global Advisors Ireland Limited, registered in Ireland with company number 145221, authorized and regulated by the Central Bank of Ireland, and whose registered office is at 78 Sir John Rogerson's Quay, Dublin 2. **Singapore:** State Street Global Advisors Singapore Limited, 168, Robinson Road, #33-01 Capital Tower, Singapore 068912 (Company Reg. No: 200002719D, regulated by the Monetary Authority of Singapore). Telephone: +65 6826 7555. F: +65 6826 7501. **Switzerland:** State Street Global Advisors AG, Beethovenstr. 19, CH-8027 Zurich. Authorized and regulated by the Eidgenössische Finanzmarktaufsicht ("FINMA"). Registered with the Register of Commerce Zurich CHE-105.078.458. T: +41 (0)44 245 70 00. Facsimile F: +41 (0)44 245 70 16. **United Kingdom:** State Street Global Advisors Limited. Authorized and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority. Registered in England. Registered No. 2509928. VAT No. 5776591 81. Registered office: 20 Churchill Place, Canary

Wharf, London, E14 5HJ. T: 020 3395 6000. F: 020 3395 6350. **United States:** State Street Global Advisors, One Iron Street, Boston MA 02210. T: +1 617 786 3000.

For use in Australia: Issued by State Street Global Advisors, Australia, Limited (AFSL Number 238276, ABN 42 003 914 225) ("SSGA Australia"). Registered office: Level 17, 420 George Street, Sydney, NSW 2000, Australia T: +612 9240 7600 Web: ssga.com. This communication is directed at institutional and wholesale clients only. The products and services to which this communication relates are only available to such persons and persons of any other description (including retail clients) are not entitled to rely on this communication. **For use in EMEA:** The information contained in this communication is not a research recommendation or 'investment research' and is classified as a 'Marketing Communication' in accordance with the European Communities (Markets in Financial Instruments) Regulations 2007. This means that this marketing communication (a) has not been prepared in accordance with legal requirements designed to promote the independence of investment research (b) is not subject to any prohibition on dealing ahead of the dissemination of investment research. The information provided does not constitute investment advice as such term is defined under the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive (2004/39/EC) and it should not be relied on as such. This communication is directed at professional clients (this includes eligible counterparties) who are deemed both knowledgeable and experienced in matters relating to investments. The products and services to which this communication relates are only available to such persons and persons of any other description (including retail clients) should not rely on this communication. **For use in Switzerland:** The information provided does not constitute investment advice as such term is defined under applicable Swiss regulation and it should not be relied on as such.

Important Risk Information

Sample portfolio returns shown above are hypothetical and are based on the returns of the underlying market indices in the proportions shown above. Market indices are unmanaged and not subject to fees and expenses which would lower returns. Neither index performance nor sample portfolio performance is intended to represent the performance of any particular mutual fund, exchange-traded fund or product offered by SSGA Funds Management, Inc. SSGA Funds Management, Inc. has not managed any accounts or assets in the strategies represented

by the sample portfolios above. Actual performance may differ substantially from the hypothetical performance presented. Past performance is not a guarantee of future results.

Actively managed funds do not seek to replicate the performance of a specified index. This document contains certain statements that may be deemed forward-looking statements. Please note that any such statements are not guarantees of any future performance and actual results or developments may differ materially from those projected. The information provided does not constitute investment advice and it should not be relied on as such. It should not be considered a solicitation to buy or an offer to sell a security. It does not take into account any investor's particular investment objectives, strategies, tax status or investment horizon. You should consult your tax and financial advisor. All material has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable. There is no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of the information and State Street shall have no liability for decisions based on such information. The trademarks and service marks referenced herein are the property of their respective owners. Third party data providers make no warranties or representations of any kind relating to the accuracy, completeness or timeliness of the data and have no liability for damages of any kind relating to the use of such data. The whole or any part of this work may not be reproduced, copied or transmitted or any of its contents disclosed to third parties without SSGA's express written consent. Equity securities may fluctuate in value in response to the activities of individual companies and general market and economic conditions. Quantitative investing assumes that future performance of a security relative to other securities may be predicted based on historical economic and financial factors, however, any errors in a model used might not be detected until the fund has sustained a loss or reduced performance related to such errors. State Street Global Advisors Funds Distributors, LLC, member FINRA, SIPC, One Iron Street, Boston, MA 02110.

© 2020 State Street Corporation.
All Rights Reserved.
ID224366-2611863.2.1.GBL.RTL 0520
Exp. Date: 05/31/2021