
August 28, 2026

Commentary

Weekly Economic Perspectives

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Weekly Highlights

A hawkish Warsh speech lifts Fed hike odds and the dollar, while pressuring gold.

US: PCE Price Index
(July, y/y)

3.7%

Slightly higher than expected.

US: Core PCE Price
Index (July, y/y)

3.3%

As expected.

US: Conf. Board Cons.
Confidence (Aug)

89.4

Seven-month low.

CA: Real GDP Growth
(Q2, saar)

3.3%

Broad gains.

GE: Real GDP Growth
(Q2, q/q, final)

0.3%

Weak.

FR: Real GDP Growth
(Q2, q/q)

0.0%

Slowing down.

JP: Tokyo CPI (Aug,
y/y)

1.8%

Above expectations.

AU: CPI (Jul, y/y)

3.5%

Well above expectations.

AU: Household
Spending (Jul, m/m)

1.1%

Strong and resilient.

US: Looks Like We Have Work to Do

There might not have been many “tier 1” macro data releases this week, but there was a top tier event: the Fed’s Jackson Hole symposium. It was Chair Warsh’s first opportunity to deliver longer-form remarks since taking the helm at the Fed and he embraced a clear hawkish tilt.

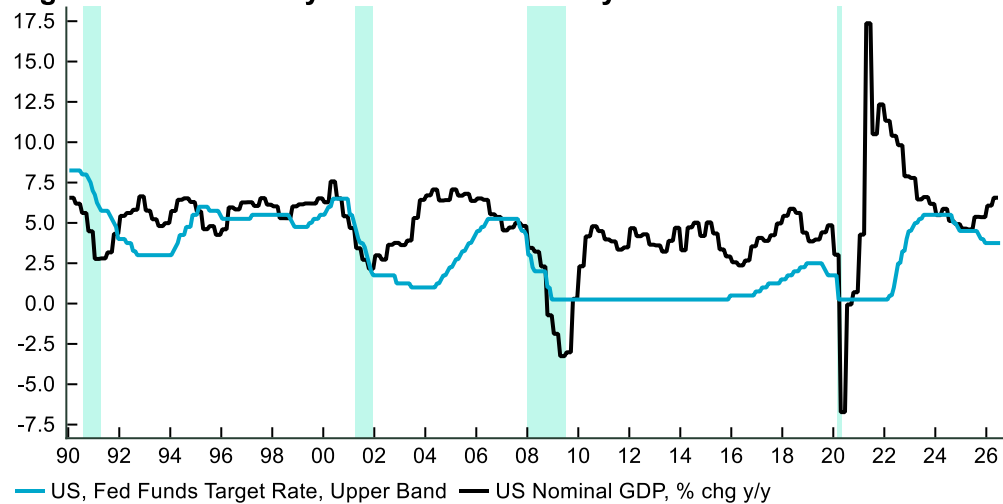
There were several layers to his hawkishness. He reiterated in very clear terms that “the Fed’s price-stability objective of 2 percent, as measured by the PCE index, is a firm, fixed target.” This should not be news to anyone, but it was still important for him to say it. In more practical terms, he stated that “we must be confident that underlying inflation is moving to our objective, clearly and at sufficient speed... otherwise, we have work to do”. This is perhaps the closest he came to providing forward guidance, the reason being that it seems unlikely that those conditions will be met convincingly in the very near term. The conclusion, then, is that the Fed still has “work to do”. Additionally, he downplayed the more encouraging signals, such as tame wage inflation and anchored inflation expectations. He also seemed to dismiss pressures in specific sectors such as housing and emphasized instead the overall economy’s resilient, impressive performance. He would be “hard-pressed” to describe financial conditions as restrictive.

The partial counterweight to this hawkishness was the clear humility he invoked repeatedly in respect to interpreting and responding to the complex, living entity that is the US economy. Questions around data quality and timeliness, the emphasis on

trends, the refusals to describe a reaction function, and the acknowledged unknowns around all the big picture questions surrounding AI, softened the otherwise hawkish messaging somewhat.

Nevertheless, the implication is clear: the bias is towards higher rates. Incoming data will need to offer more convincing evidence of improving inflation trends (or labor market deterioration) in order to allow the Fed to remain on hold. The burden of proof is on the doves. We still believe the doves prevail in September (aided by data), but it's a very close call!

Figure 1: Fed's Policy Stance Looks Pretty Relaxed



Sources: Macrobond, SSGA Economics, BEA, Fed
Updated as of 8/28/2026

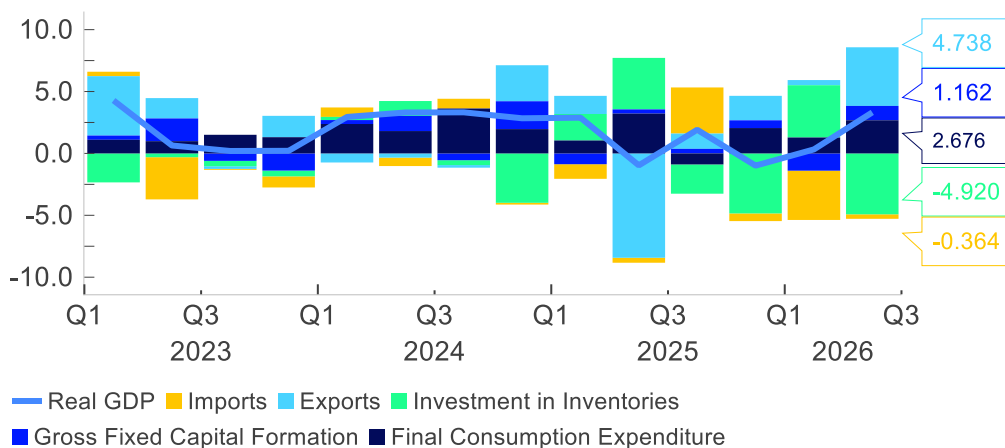
Canada: Volatile Improvement

The economy delivered on expectations of strong growth in the second quarter, with real GDP expanding at a 3.3% seasonally adjusted annualized rate (saar), the best showing in almost two years. As has been the case recently, trade and inventories made outsized, almost offsetting contributions to growth, reflecting the timing of capturing goods flowing through the economy at a time when foreign trade shifts massively in response to trade policy changes.

The best news is that both consumption and fixed investment made stronger contributions to growth during the second quarter. Consumer spending grew 0.8% q/q, the most in a year, driven primarily by spending on services. The World Cup helped here. After a very disappointing contraction during the first quarter, fixed investment rebounded (though not fully) in the second. But performance here remains weak overall, with real fixed investment growing by just 0.4% y/y on average, during the past three quarters. Notably, investment in intellectual property products contracted outright during the second quarter.

Figure 2: Contribution To Canadian Growth

(percentage points contribution to saar growth)



Sources: Macrobond, State Street Investment Management, StatCan
 Updated as of 8/28/2026

Exports added 4.8 percentage points to saar quarterly growth, offset by a 4.9 ppt detraction from inventories. Directionally, this mirrors developments in the second quarter of 2025, when tariffs first meaningfully impacted trade flows. Chunky, volatile moves in the trade and inventories components are likely to persist amid ongoing trade tensions and the latest tariff escalation between Canada and the US.

Australia: Beats Across the Board

July CPI exceeded expectations sequentially and annually, across both the headline and trimmed mean measures. The outcome reinforces the view that inflation is proving stickier than expected, including our own forecasts. While July is often subject to significant seasonality due to annual price revisions and school holiday-related distortions, last year's July data also played a key role in shaping the Reserve Bank of Australia's (RBA) hawkish reaction function. We did expect some of that seasonality to have been adjusted this round, but there is a good chance this year's spending generally was stronger. It is worth noting that Australia's monthly CPI series remains relatively new, meaning seasonal adjustment factors may continue to evolve as more observations become available.

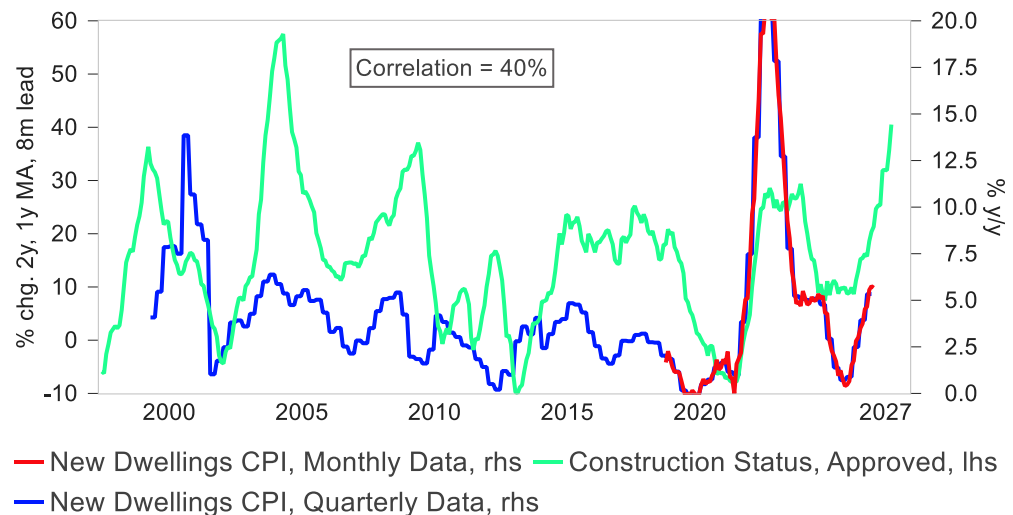
For now, however, the data has strengthened market expectations of another rate hike this year, a view we have maintained for some time and one that could ultimately see the unemployment rate rise toward our peak forecast of 4.8%.

Compositionally, the upside surprise was driven by a sharp increase in fuel prices, alongside seasonal gains in domestic holiday travel associated with the winter school holiday period. Yet housing inflation remains the more important medium-term story. New dwelling inflation accelerated by 0.4% m/m, while rents also rose 0.4%, extending a trend that has become increasingly difficult to ignore.

At first glance, the persistence of construction-related inflation may appear surprising given the moderation in dwelling approvals highlighted in our recent work. However, approvals have slowed in an orderly manner rather than collapsed,

leaving overall construction activity elevated. The pipeline of approved projects remains large enough to sustain demand for labor, materials and construction services. Our analysis suggests construction activity continues to lead new dwelling purchase inflation with a meaningful lag (Figure 3), implying housing-related CPI pressures may remain sticky even as the housing approvals cycle cools.

Figure 3: Australia's Construction Inflation To Remain In Focus



Source: Macrobond, State Street Investment Management, Australian Bureau of Statistics

Attention now shifts to next week's Q2 GDP release, which will provide a broader assessment of how the economy is navigating the cumulative effects of past policy tightening. We expect growth to remain subdued by historical standards, but somewhat firmer than market expectations, forecasting 0.3% q/q versus the consensus estimate of 0.2%. Household consumption is likely to have remained resilient, supported by lower savings and a relatively stable labor market. While partial indicators suggest some slowing in areas that have supported growth in recent quarters, we suspect overall activity has remained more resilient.

Taken together, the latest inflation data and our GDP expectations point to an economy that is driving in the slow lane, but not slowing fast enough to generate broad-based disinflation. Should GDP surprise to the upside next week, the case for another RBA hike this year would strengthen further. In that scenario, both the August labor market and CPI releases would likely need to materially underwhelm for markets to meaningfully downshift away from another hike. For now we continue seeing September as a good candidate for the next hike.

Week in Review

A summary of macro data releases from the past week.

Country	Release (Date, format)	Consensus	Actual	Last	Comments
Monday, Aug 24					
No major data release.					
Tuesday, Aug 25					
US	Building Permits (Jul, thous, final)	1,443	1,433	1,367	Down 1.2% y/y through July/
US	FHFA House Price Index (Jun, m/m)	0.2%	0.0%	0.3%	Up 2.3% y/y.
US	New Home Sales (Jul, thous)	620	607	678 (↑)	Weakest since January.
US	Conference Board Consumer Confidence (Aug)	90.2	89.4	90.2 (↓)	Labor differential improved.
GE	GDP (Q2, q/q, sa, final)	0.2%	0.3%	0.4%	Up 1.0% y/y, best since 2022.
GE	IFO Business Climate (Aug)	87.2	88.8	86.7 (↑)	Trying to break out of narrow range.
Wednesday, Aug 26					
US	Personal Income (Jul, m/m)	0.2%	0.4%	0.2%	Up 2.6% y/y; real disposable income up 0.5%.
US	Personal Spending (Jul, m/m)	0.1%	0.2%	0.3%	Saving rate improved to (still low) 3.0%.
US	Durable Goods Orders (Jul, m/m, prelim)	0.5%	1.1%	0.5%	Surging. Up 12.9% y/y.
US	GDP (q/q, saar, second)	1.5%	1.5%	2.1%	No big surprises.
JN	Services PPI (Jul, y/y)	3.2%	3.6%	3.4% (↑)	No relief as yet.
Thursday, Aug 27					
US	Initial Jobless Claims (Aug 22, thous)	208	203	207 (↑)	Low.
GE	GfK Consumer Confidence (Sep)	-29.5	-26.6	-29.4 (↑)	Still quite weak.
Friday, Aug 28					
US	U. of Mich. Sentiment (Aug, final)	51.0	51.7	55.2	Still very low.
GE	Unemployment Claims Rate (Aug, sa)	6.4%	6.4%	6.4%	Multi-year high.
FR	CPI (Aug, y/y, prelim)	2.4%	2.4%	2.1%	Fluctuating.
FR	Consumer Spending (Jul, m/m)	0.0%	0.5%	0.6% (↑)	Improving. Up 1.4% y/y.
FR	GDP (Q2, q/q, final)	0.2%	0.0%	-0.2%	Up 0.5% y/y. Soft.
CA	GDP (Q2, q/q, saar)	3.4%	3.3%	0.3%	Broad gains, except inventories.
JN	Unemployment Rate (Jul)	2.5%	2.4%	2.5%	A labor constrained market, not a strong one.

Source: data, Bloomberg®; for commentary, SSGA Economics.

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